

## Motivation

To truly scale 3D reconstruction algorithms, it would be *ideal to learn from internet data (large image collections)* in a manner which allows easy knowledge transfer across objects.

**Training:** Learn *3D + Correspondences* from single image collection of a category

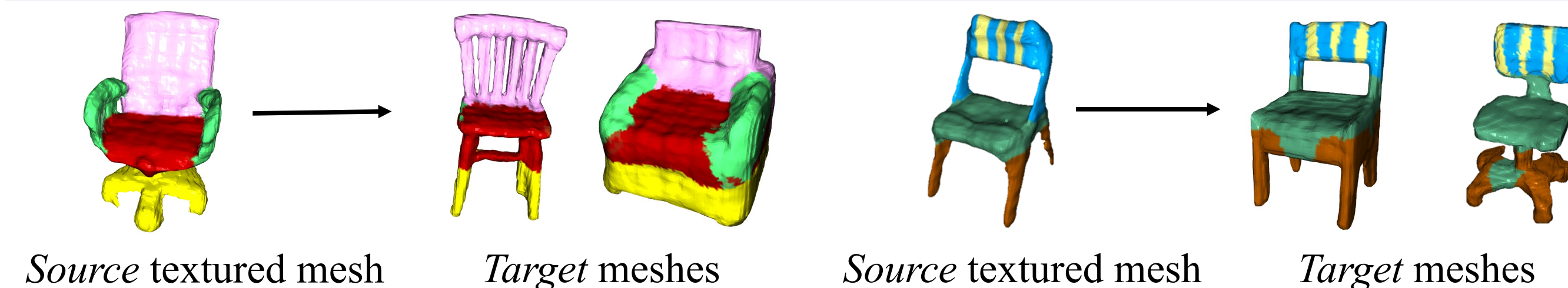


- ✗ Dense 3D supervision
- ✗ Dense multi-view camera images
- ✓ Single-view image collections + segmentation masks + camera poses

**Inference:** *3D Shape + Correspondences* just from single image at test time



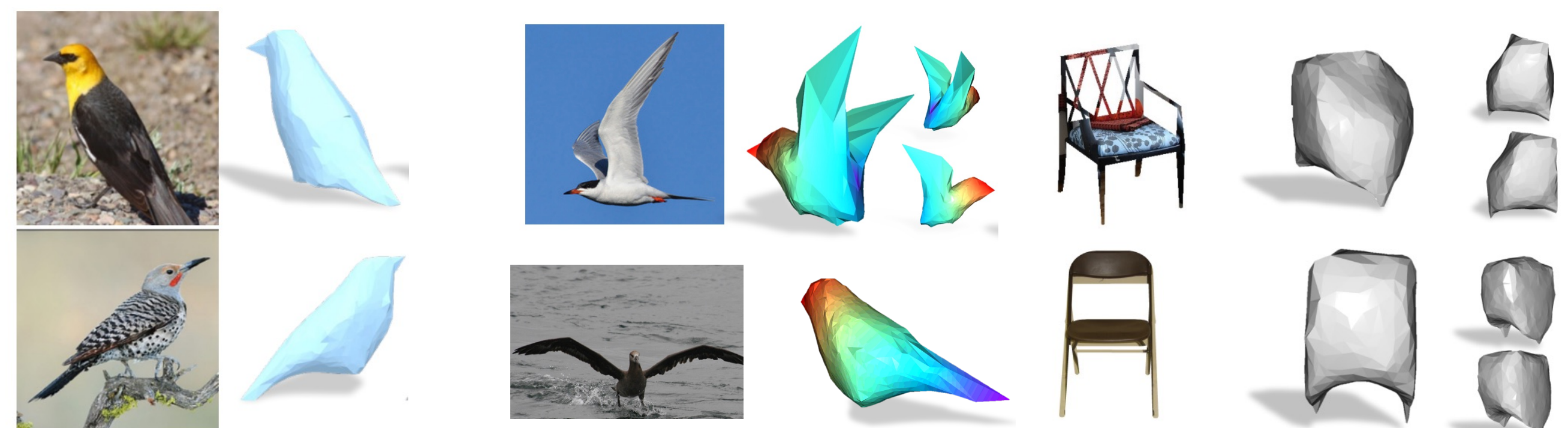
**Texture Transfer** using learned 3D geometry and dense correspondences



## Related Work

Type	Prior Work	High-Fidelity	Correspondences	Large Deform.	Topologically-varying
Mesh Recons.	NMR, SoftRas, DIB-R				
Deformable Mesh Recons.	CMR <sup>1</sup>		✓		
Implicit Recons.	SDF-SRN <sup>2</sup>	✓			
Deformable Implicit Recons.	TARS (Ours)	✓	✓	✓	✓

### Prior Work: Deformable Reconstruction



Perform well on categories w/ *less structural/ topological variations*

Fail to generalize to categories with *larger articulations/ deformations*

Fail to generalize to categories with *larger structural & topological variations*

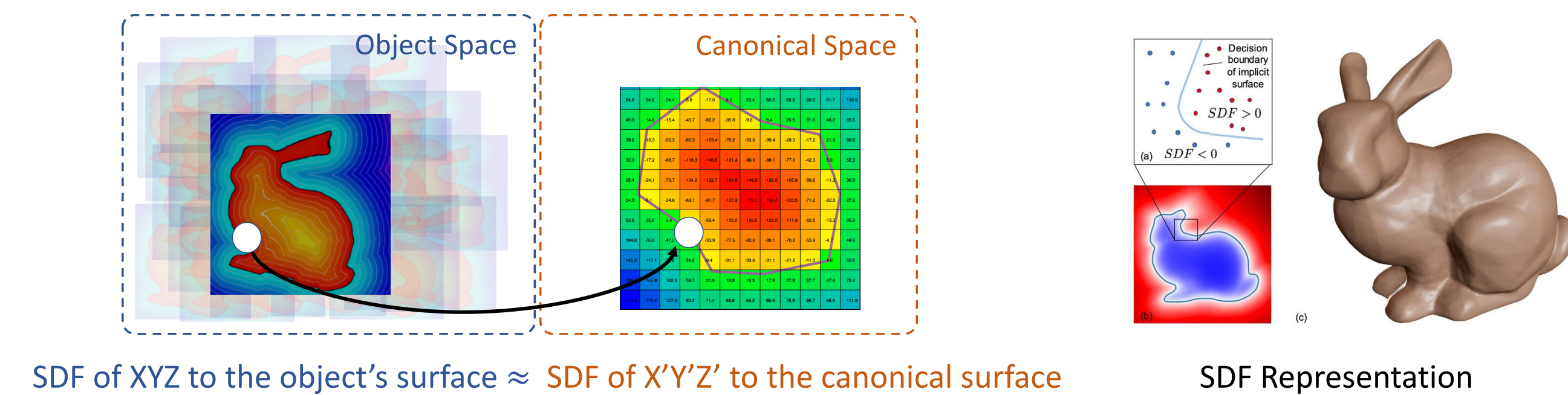
[1] Kanazawa\*, Tulsiani\* et al. Learning Category-Specific Mesh Reconstruction from Image Collections

[2] Lin et al. SDF-SRN: Learning Signed Distance 3D Object Reconstruction from Static Images

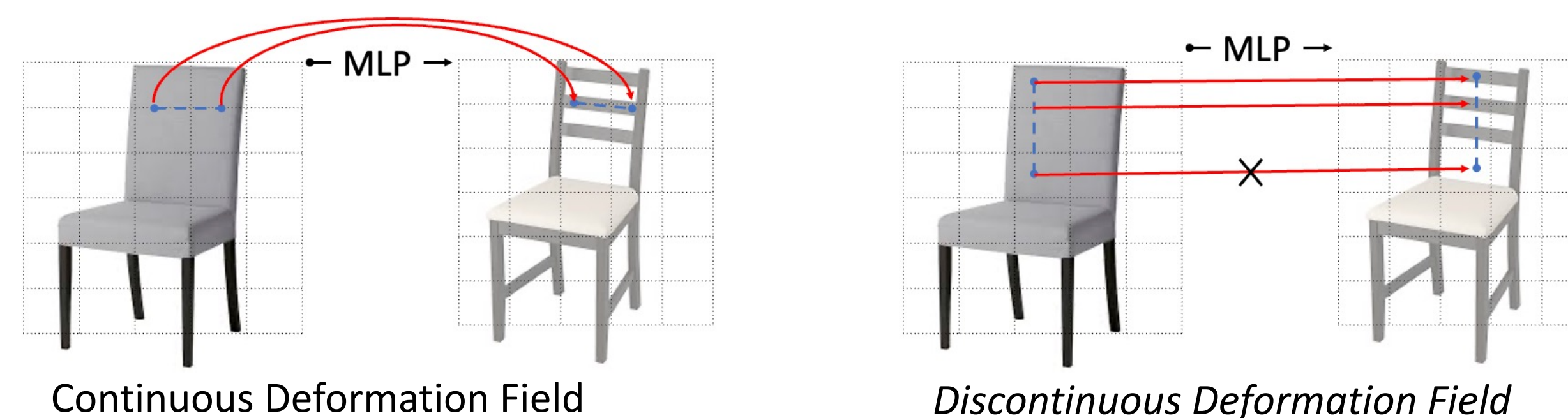
## Implicit Deformable Reconstruction

*Implicitly* map a 3D point in the object space to the category-specific canonical space and learn the shape (as SDF field) in the canonical space.

How to get the *shape of an object*, given its image? What's the SDF of point XYZ to the object's surface?

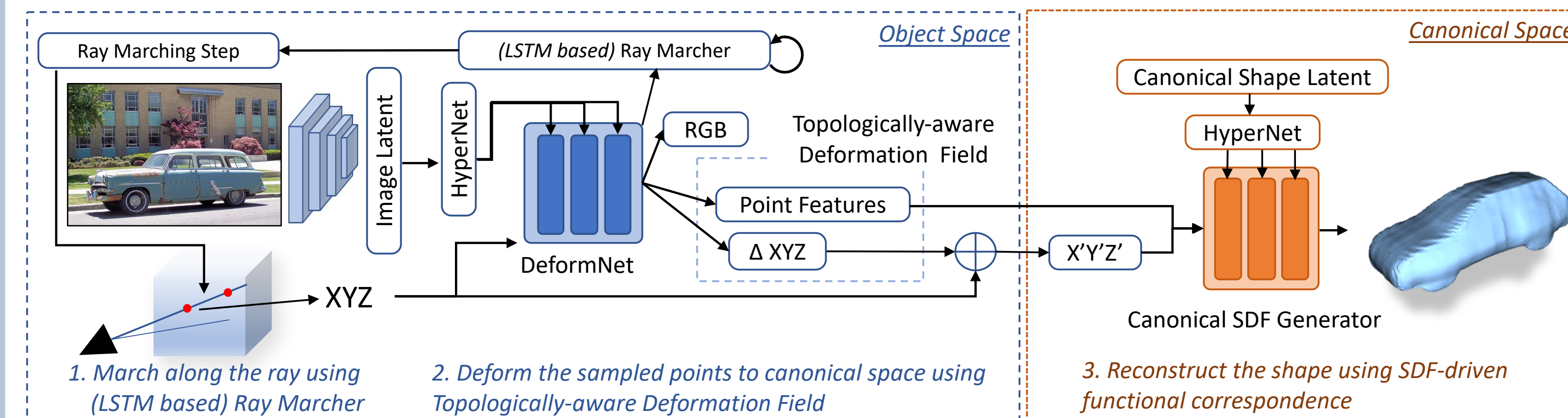


By learning the deformation field implicitly, the implicit deformation field have a strong tendency to ***continuously deform the 3D points, leading to over-smooth shapes.***

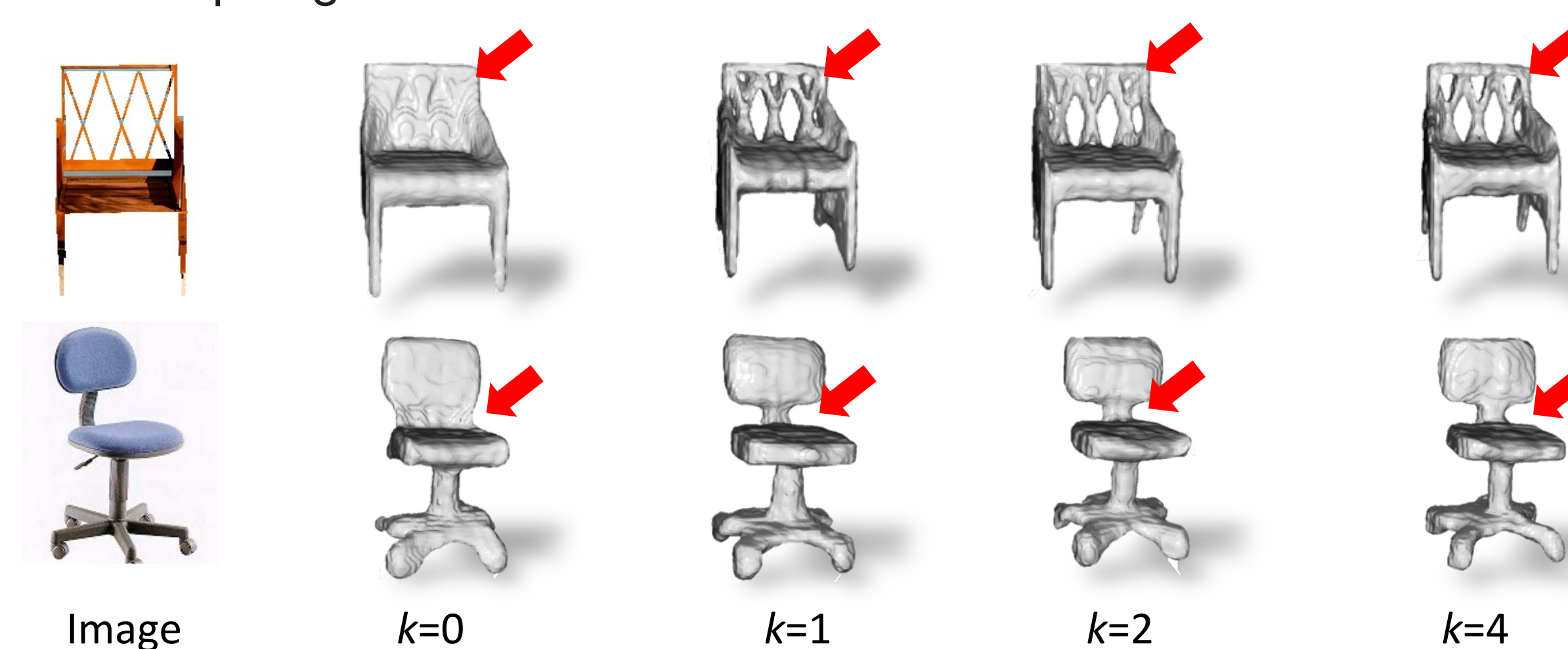


## Topologically-Aware Deformable Reconstruction

Inspired by the kernel theory or level set theory, we ***lift the 3D canonical points to a higher-dimension*** by learning additional point features.



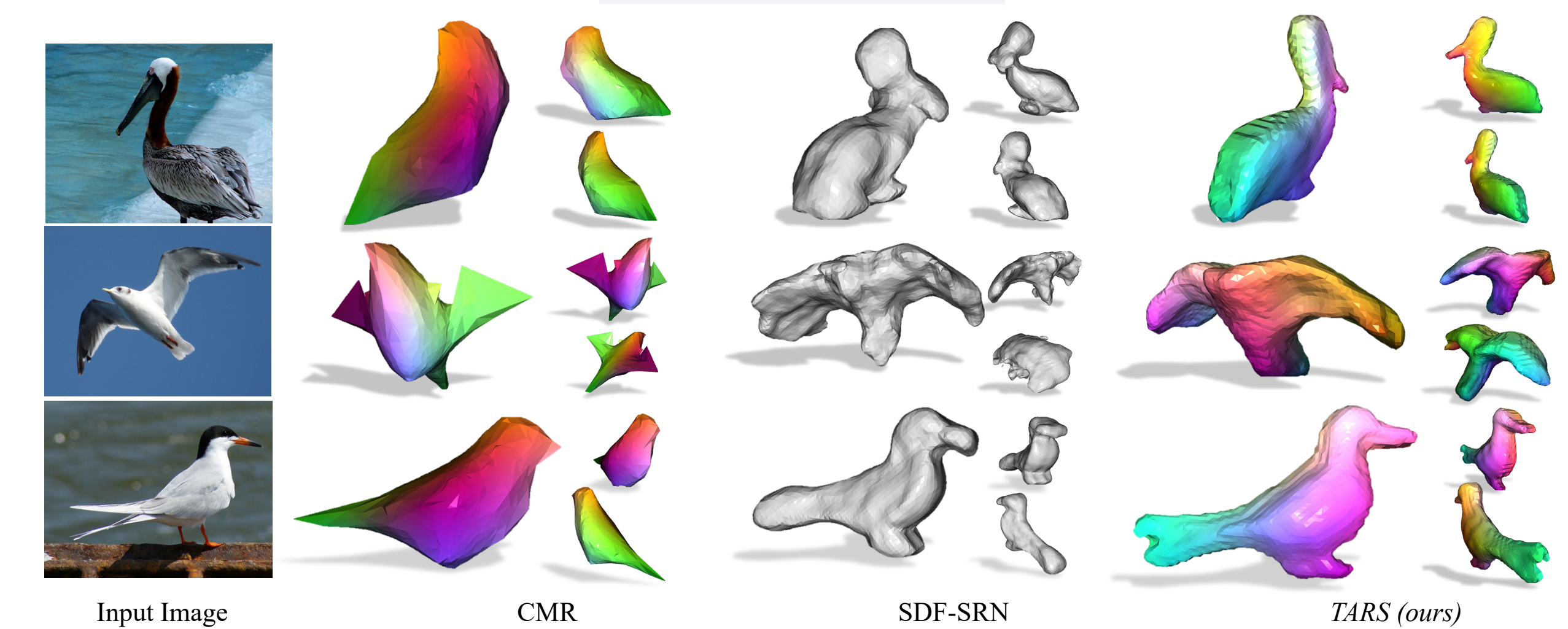
Additionally learning ***k point features*** (alongside 3D deformation field), we can recover finer structural/ topological details.



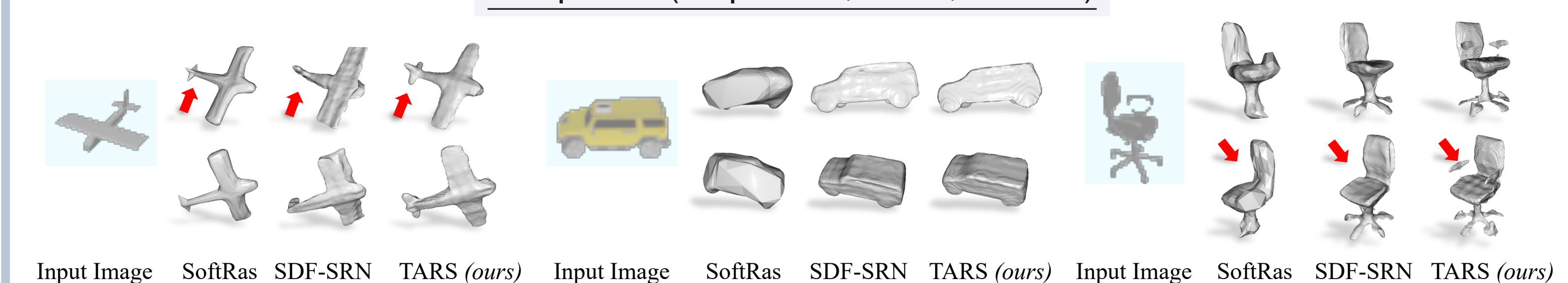
## Results

### CUBS-200-2011

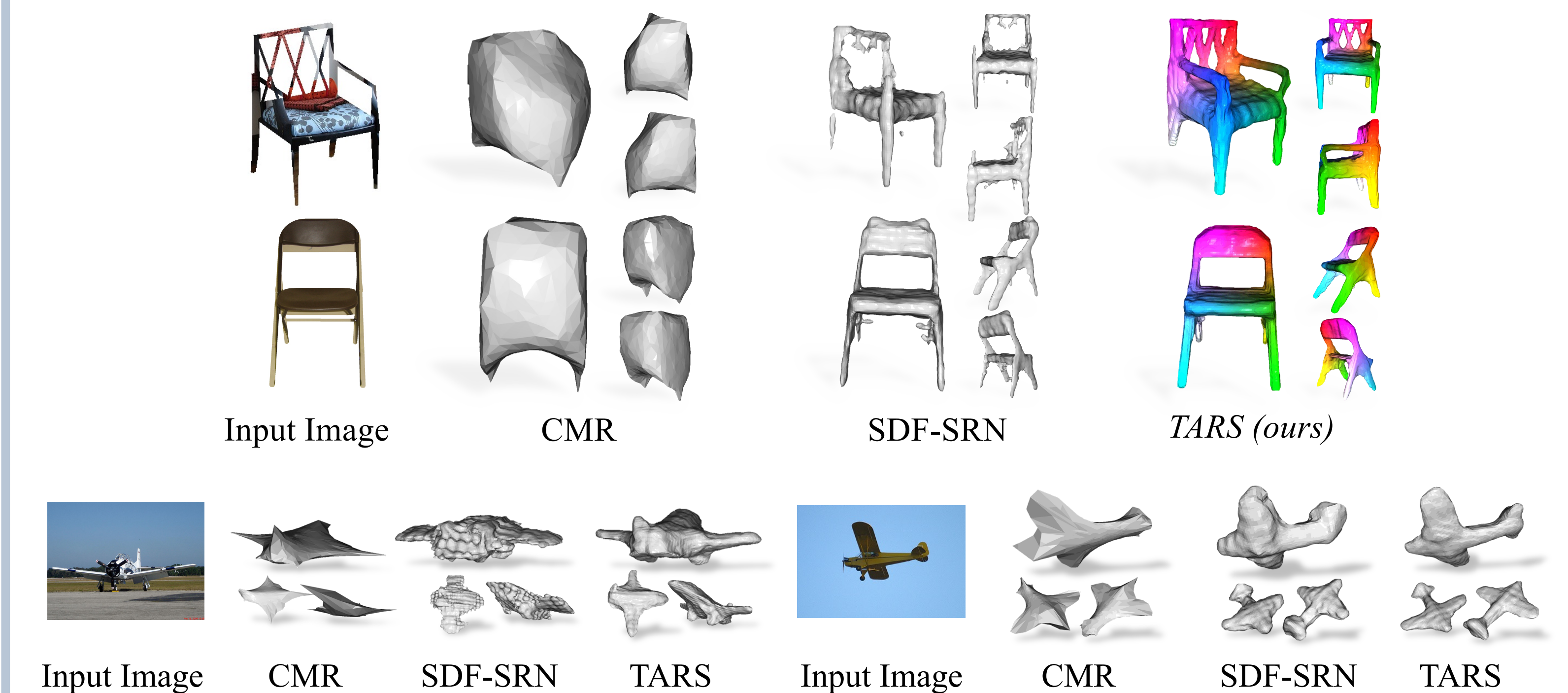
\*Color denotes Correspondence



### Shapenet (Airplanes, Cars, Chairs)



### Pascal3D+ (Chairs & Airplanes)



### Pix3D Chairs (Trained on Shapenet)

